

Anti-Bullying Policy

Policy No.		
Name		
School Name	Coláiste Íde agus Iosef	
Version	2	
Date	Created: March 2015	
	Revised: 1 st October 2024	
Monitored	Annually	
Responsibility	Principal /BOM	
Approval		

ANTI-BULLYING POLICY

- In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Coláiste Íde agus losef has adopted the following anti-bullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The school reserves the right to apply its bullying policy in respect of bullying that occurs at a location, activity, function or programme that is not school related if in the opinion of the principal and/or Board of Management the alleged bullying has created a hostile environment at school for the victim, has infringed on the rights of the victim of the school and/or has materially or substantially disrupted the education process or the orderly operation of Coláiste íde agus losef.
- 3. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of students and is therefore fully committed to the following key principles of best practice in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

(a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages students to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;

See Table A (6.1.5.Procedures): Key elements of a positive school culture and climate, and also Appendix 2: Practical tips for building a school culture and climate.

- (b) Effective leadership
- (c) A school-wide approach
- (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact
- (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
 - build empathy, respect and resilience in students; and
 - explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and trans phobic bullying;
- (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of students
- (g) Supports for staff
- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.

In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- Identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a **once-off** offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement **on a social network** site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*.

Examples of bullying behaviours

	Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation			
General	e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc.			
behaviours which	Physical aggression			
apply to all	Damage to property			
	Name calling			
	• Slagging			
	The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or of			
	materials aimed at intimidating another person			
	Offensive graffiti			
	• Extortion			
	Intimidation			
	Insulting or offensive gestures			
	The "look"			
	Invasion of personal space			
	A combination of any of the types listed.			
	Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputa-			
Cyber	tion			
	Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing messages to			
	an individual			
	• Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another			
	person's name			
	Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online fight			

- **Trickery**: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online
- **Outing**: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising information or images
- Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group
- **Cyber stalking**: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety
- Silent telephone/mobile phone call
- Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls
- Abusive text messages
- Abusive email
- Abusive communication on social networks e.g. Facebook/Ask.fm/ Twitter/Snapchat/WhatsApp/ You Tube or on games consoles
- Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures
- Abusive posts on any form of communication technology

Identity Based Behaviours

Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

bership of the traveller community).					
Homophobic and Transgender	 Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner Physical intimidation or attacks Threats 				
Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community	 Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background Exclusion on the basis of any of the above 				
Relational	 This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include: Malicious gossip Isolation & exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away "Bitching" Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" 				
Sexual	 Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching Harassment 				

Special Educational Needs, Disability Taking advantage of some students' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying Taking advantage of some students' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues. Mimicking a person's disability Setting others up for ridicule

4. The relevant teacher(s) for investigating and dealing with bullying is (are) as follows:

Principal Deputy Principal Year heads Others as identified by school management

Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.

5. The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyberbullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that may be used by the school are as follows (see Section 6.5 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary SCHOOL/COLLEGEs*):

Education and prevention strategies may include the following:

school-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our students through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Students will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develop an awareness
 of what bullying is, how it impacts on students' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention
 and intervention.
- Professional development with specific focus on the training of the relevant teacher(s)
- School-wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include students, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Involvement of the student council in contributing to a safe school environment e.g. Buddy system, mentoring, Lunchtime Pals and other student support activities that can help to support students and encourage a culture of peer respect and support.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying Code for the school-to be included in student journals and displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with students and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s are given a copy as part of the Code of Behaviour of the school.

- The implementation of regular (e.g. per year) whole school awareness measures e.g. a dedicated notice board in the school and classrooms on the promotion of friendship, and bullying prevention; annual Friendship Week and parent(s)/guardian(s) seminars; annual or term or monthly student surveys; regular school or year group assemblies by principal, deputy principal, year heads etc.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that
 way students will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It
 should be made clear to all students that when they report incidents of bullying they are not
 considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that students know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
 - o Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
 - o Hand note up with homework.
 - o Make a phone call to the school or to a trusted teacher in the school.
 - Anti-bully or Niggle box?
 - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
 - o Administer a confidential questionnaire once a term to all students.
 - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Identify clear protocols to encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied. The protocol should be developed in consultation with parents.
- The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to
 ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the students'
 use of mobile phones.
- The listing of supports currently being used in the school and the identification of other supports available to the school e.g. GLEN www.glen.ie, BeLonGTo www.belongto.org

Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE and CSPE curricula and the RSE Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School-wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes which could include, e.g. Cool School Lessons, #UP2US, The Walk Tall Programme, On My Own Two Feet.
- School-wide delivery of lessons on Relational aggression (Cool School Programme: A Friend in Deed), Cyber Bullying (#UP2US, Be Safe-Be Web wise, Think Before You Click, Let's Fight It Together, Web wise Primary teachers' resources), Homophobic and Transphobic Bullying (Growing up LGBT, Stand Up Programme, The Trust pack) Diversity and Inter-culturalism. The school should list every resource related to the SPHE curriculum, and make a list of supports.
- Delivery of the Garda SPHE Programmes at primary and post- primary level. These lessons, delivered by Community Gardaí, cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN students with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all students to respond appropriately.

Links to other policies

Other policies which are relevant include; Code of Behaviour, Child Protections policy, Supervision of students, Acceptable Use policy, Attendance, Sporting activities.

6. The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows:

6.8.9. Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including students, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and students are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all students concerned. Students who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first.
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;

It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s)

- In cases where it has been determined that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the students;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour,
 it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy
 and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the
 pupil being bullied;

• It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of students and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school.

Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - -Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
 - -Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures, which includes an appeal to the Principal.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

Recording of bullying behaviour

Records: Protocol

- Access to the records is open to school management and relevant teachers only.
- Records will be retained for a period of up to five years after the student leaves the school.

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt
 with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports,
 the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Informal-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher
 must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues
 and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- The school in consultation with the relevant teacher/s should develop a protocol for the storage of all records retained by the relevant teacher.

Formal-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and

b) in the following circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

- Where the bullying behaviour poses an immediate risk to the health and safety of another student/s or members of the school community
- Where the "recipient" has disclosed that he/she is particularly vulnerable and at "risk"
- Where the alleged "bully" discloses that he/she is at risk

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. Due consideration needs to be given to where these records are kept, who has access to them, and how long they will be retained. Decisions around record keeping should be noted in this policy.

- 7. The school's programme of support for working with students affected by bullying is as follows:
 - In-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the students affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
 - Pastoral care system
 - Buddy / Peer mentoring system
 - Tutor/Year head system
 - Care team / Student Support Team
 - o Group work such as circle time
 - If students require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with
 the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or
 involved in the bullying behaviour.

Students should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher. **Established intervention strategies may include**;

- Teacher interviews with all students
- Negotiating agreements between students and following these up by monitoring progress.
 This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative Practice
- Implementing sociogram questionnaires
- Peer mediation where suitable training has been given

8. Supervision and Monitoring of Students

The Board of Management will take such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of students or staff or the harassment of students or staff on any of the nine grounds

specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

10. This policy was reviewed by the Board of Management on

15TH September 2023

- 11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, is otherwise readily accessible to parents and students on request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one exists). A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.
- 12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, be otherwise readily accessible to parents and students on request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one exists). A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed:	Alecto	balla	gh
	Chairperson o	of Board of	Management)

Signed: (Principal)

Date: 1/10/24

Date: //i/Z

Date of next review:

September 2025

Review of Anti-Bullying Policy (Belong To)

- We believe the policy to be inclusive of the LGBTI+ community
- The overall policy is very satisfactory and inclusive of all students
- We think the school photo/crest should be placed on the first page to bring school identity to the policy
- We feel in order to incorporate the policy fully within the school community we should implement some actions further
- Eg. Display poster of the different types of bullying that can occur in school to educate students and staff on what behaviour is acceptable and not acceptable.
- From an LGBTI+ perspective a list of staff on the BelongTo coordination team can be displayed to support staff & students.

Emergency Contact Details

Ambulance, Fire Brigade, Garda 999 or 112

Garda Stations

Henry St., Limerick 061 212400

Roxboro Road 061 419555

Bruff 061 382103

Mid Western Regional Hospital, Limerick 061 301111

St. John's Hospital, Limerick 061 415822

Shannondoc (out of hours family doctor service for 1850-212999

participating GPs)

HSE Information Helpline 1850-241850

HSE Resource Officer for Suicide Prevention 061-461143/ 061-461454

St. Anne's Day Hospital, Roxboro 061 315177

Willowdale Day Hospital 061 302248

Kilmallock Day Hospital 063 98668 / 98675

Southill Social Work 061 209985

Southill FAX 061 209998

Roxtown Social Workers 061 417622

Roxtown FAX 061 419063

NEPS Psychologist

Clinical Psychologist

LCETB

Teresa Crawford, LCETB 086 8337540

DES, Communications Unit

Keith McMullan 01-8892322/01-8892162 or 01-

8896583

State Examinations Commission 0902 74621

Local GP

Local Clergy

Chairperson of BOM

Community Garda

ASTI

TUI

List of Counsellors

Teenage Pregnancy Support Programme 061-411643

Children's Grief Project 061-313037

CAMHS 061-412247 or 483388S

Adult Counselling Service Freephone 1800-234115

Rainbow Groups

Humour Fit

Limerick Drug & Alcohol Service 061-318663

Co. Limerick Drug & Alcohol Service 069-61430/ 061-318633

Alateen (for teenager of alcoholic parents) 01-8732699

Aware (support & info on depression) 1890-303302

Barnardos (info on childhood issues) Limerick 061-430313,

Dublin 01-4530355

Bereavement Counselling Service 01-8391766

Bodywhys (info on eating disorders) 1890-200444

CARI (Children at risk in Ireland) 061-413331

(counselling for children affected by sexual abuse) Helpline 1890 924567, or 01-

8611240

GENERAL

Barnardos

Barnardos works with vulnerable children and their families in Ireland and campaigns for the rights of all children

W: http://www.barnardos.ie

P: 1850 222 300

Childline

Childline offers a phone service, a text support service (text 'Talk' to 50101) and an online chat service to help support young people. There is also a special text service for young people experiencing bullying (text 'Bully' to 50101)

W: <u>www.childline.ie</u> P: 1800 66 66 66

Spunout

SpunOut.ie is a youth focused website. It aims to promote general wellbeing and healthy living amongst young people.

W: www.spunout.ie]

• Teen-Line Ireland

Teen-Line Ireland is a free-phone support service for teenagers who need someone to talk to.

W: <u>www.teenline.ie</u> P: 1800 833 634

Mental Health and Well Being

Aware

Aware offers depression and related mood disorder support services, in the forms of local support groups, a helpline and various education courses.

W: <u>www.aware.ie</u> P: 1890 303 302

Console

Console, the national suicide charity, supports people in suicidal crisis and those bereaved by suicide through counselling, support and helpline services.

W: <u>www.console.ie</u> P: 1800 201 890

Mental Health Ireland

Mental Health Ireland aims to promote positive mental health and to actively support persons with a mental illness, their families and carers by identifying their needs and advocating their rights.

W: www.mentalhealthireland.ie

P: 01 284 1166

GROW

GROW is a Mental Health Organisation which helps people who have suffered, or are suffering, from mental health problems. It provides a helpline and support groups nationally.

W: <u>www.grow.ie</u> P: 1890 474 474

MyMind

MyMind is a community based provider of mental health services.

W: <u>www.mymind.org</u> P: 076 680 1060

Your Mental Health

This website, developed by the HSE, aims to improve awareness and understanding of mental health and well-being in Ireland.

W: www.yourmentalhealth.ie - not updated recently but good info

Reach Out

ReachOut.com aims to provide quality assured mental health information and inspiring real life stories by young people to help other young people get through tough times.

W: ie.reachout.com **P:** 01 764 5666

Pieta House

Pieta House is a residential centre for the prevention of self-harm or suicide in Lucan, Co. Dublin. It has outreach centres and centres of excellence around Ireland.

W: <u>www.pieta.ie</u> P: 01 601 0000

Samaritans

Samaritans offers support for people struggling to cope, including those contemplating suicide, through a helpline.

W: www.samaritans.org

P: 1850 60 90 90

• National Office for Suicide Prevention

The National Office for Suicide Prevention oversees the implementation of 'Reach Out', coordinates suicide prevention efforts and speaks with agencies and individuals active in suicide prevention.

W: <u>www.nosp.ie/</u> P: 01 620 1672

Headsup

Headsup aims to contribute to suicide prevention efforts by providing information and support to young people. Headsup provides a 24-hour text service, which provides details of helplines and support services when people text HEADSUP to 50424.

W: www.headsup.ie

P: 01 205 7200

Headstrong

Headstrong is a non-profit organisation that supports young people's mental health in Ireland through advocacy, research and service development (through the Jigsaw projects).

W: http://www.headstrong.ie/

P: 01 472 7010

• Let Someone Know.ie

Let Someone Know is a mental health and wellness information website funded by the HSE for young people.

W: www.letsomeoneknow.ie

Eating Disorders

Bodywhys

Bodywhys supports people affected by eating disorders. It offers confidential support and information services for people affected by eating disorders.

W: www.bodywhys.ie

P: 1890 200 444

Iceberg

- Iceberg aims to increase awareness of eating distress and eating disorders. The website provides dedicated support for sufferers along the path to recovery.
- W: Eatingdisorderselfhelp.com

Gender and Sexuality

- **Gay Switchboard Dublin** Gay Switchboard Dublin offers non-directive listening support. W:www.gayswitchboard.ie
- P: 01 872 1055
- **BeLonG To Youth Project** (14-23 year olds) BeLonG To supports lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender young people in Ireland. W: www.belongto.org P: 01 873 4184
- **GLEN Gay and Lesbian Equality Network** GLEN is a policy and strategy focused NGO that aims to deliver positive change for lesbian, gay and bisexual people in Ireland.

W:www.glen.ie P: 01-6728650

• Transgender Equality Network Ireland

Transgender Equality Network Ireland (TENI) seeks to improve conditions and advance the rights and equality of trans people and their families.

W:www.teni.ie

P: 085 147 7166

• **LGBT Helpline** The LGBT Helpline provides a listening support and information service for lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender people as well as their family and friends.

W:<u>www.lgbt.ie</u> P: 1890 929 539

Internet Safety

Hotline.ie

The **hotline.ie** service provides an anonymous facility for the public to report suspected illegal content encountered on the Internet.

W: <u>www.hotline.ie</u> P: 1890 610 710

• Watch Your Space

Watch Your Space is a website that showcases and supports the work of young people who are running initiatives, in their SCHOOL/COLLEGEs and youth groups, to beat cyber bullying.

W: www.watchyourspace.ie

Webwise

Webwise is the Irish Internet Safety Awareness Centre, funded by the Department of Education and the EU Safer Internet Programme. It raises awareness of online safety issues and good practice among students, their parents and teachers.

W: www.webwise.ie

• Data Protection Commissioner

The Data Protection Commissioner ensures that those who keep data comply with data protection principles. The website gives information on individuals' rights and on organisations' responsibilities.

W: www.dataprotection.ie

Travelling Community

Pavee Point

Pavee Point works for the attainment of human rights for Irish Travellers and Roma living in Ireland

W: www.paveepoint.ie

P: 01 878 0255

Disability

National Disability Authority

The National Disability Authority provides independent expert advice to the government on disability policy and practice.

W: www.nda.ie

• Enable Ireland

Enable Ireland works to *enable* people with physical disabilities to achieve maximum independence, choice and inclusion in their communities.

W: http://www.enableireland.ie/

Equality

• The Equality Authority

The Equality Authority seeks to achieve positive change in the situation and experience of those groups and individuals experiencing inequality by stimulating and supporting a commitment to equality.

W: <u>www.equality.ie</u> P: 1890 245 545

• Irish Human Rights Commission

The Irish Human Rights Commission (IHRC) promotes and protects the human rights of everyone in Ireland.

W: <u>www.ihrc.ie</u> P: 01 858 9601

Internet Safety Departments

Youtube

W: http://www.youtube.com/yt/policyandsafety/en-GB/

Facebook

W: https://www.facebook.com/help/420576171311103

• Twitter

• W: https://support.twitter.com/groups/57-safety-security